# Activated



# Activated alumina, Pseudoboehmite & Molecular sieve PSEUDObOEnnte & Molecular sieve

**Quality and advanced Technology** 



## About XiangRun



## **Catalyst & Adsorbent**

## Why Choose Xiangrun?

- Zibo XiangRun Environment Engineering Co., Ltd is a leading adsorbent ,desiccant and catalyst manufacturer in China and world. Our company was established in 2010, located in Zibo, Shandong. We manufacture activated alumina, Potassium permanganate alumina, pseudoboehmite alumina and alumina balls products. And we invest in the biggest molecular sieve factory In China.
- Our group offers exceptional expertise in the development of technology. XiangRun can blend the perfect bulk mixture to solve your oxygen and moisture control issues. Our products pass ISO9001:2008 and SGS certificate.
- Over the past years, we have established business relationships with many famous companies worldwide, including the China National Petroleum Cooperation, Sinopec, and the Petrochemical Industry Company. Our products are reliable and highly popular with customers from Germany, Britain, Kuwait, Saudi Arabia, Iran, Syria, Jordan, South Korea, New Zealand, Thailand, Indonesia, the Philippines, and many other countries.

#### **Products Type**

- \* Activated alumina Desiccant \* Activated alumina for Hydrogen Peroxide \* Activated alumina for sulfur recovery
- \* Activated alumina catalyst carrier \* Activated alumina ball for defluorination agent
- \* Activated alumina for removal of chloride \* Activated alumina powder
- \* Catalyst
- \* Impregnated activated alumina
- \* Molecular Sieve 13X \* Molecular 5A \* Molecular 4A \* Molecular 3A \* Molecular sieve powder
- \* Pseudo boehmite
- \* Alumina balls

Learn more about desiccant and more alumina products details , please email or call us. Our expert staff are happy to answer any questions you may have – just call us or e-mail us to ask.



Email:info@xradsorbent.com

Tel:86-533-3037068

## Xiangrun's Activated alumina

## **Activated Alumina**

#### **Types**



#### Adsorbent

(Desiccant, Chloride adsorbent, defluorination, Hydrogen peroxide)

Catalyst ( Sulfur recovery, catalyst carrier, CO-MO Sulfur tolerant shift conversion catalyst Carrier, Dehydrogenation catalyst carrier )

#### Purification

( Polyethylene purification, deflorination in hydrofluoric alkylation)

Impregnated activated alumina

Kmno4 Activated alumina

NaMno4 Activated alumina

Alumina powder

Activated alumina powder

Aluminium hydroxid e



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#### 1.1 XR-101 Activated Alumina for Desiccant

XR101 activated alumina desiccant is adsorbent used most widely to adsorb water in compressed air and produce high quality dry air.

#### **Product Information:**

As a model of water adsorbents in China, XR101 activated alumina desiccant ball is used most widely in the country. It has a smooth surface and uniform size.

\* Various size available for the international condition.

7\* 14 mesh(2.0mm), 1/8" (3.2mm), 3/16"(4.7mm), 1/4"(6.4mm)

#### **Characteristics:**

- High bulk density
- Uniform size
- High mechanical strength and wear resistance
  As a model produced by long development production
  technology,XR101 activated alumina ball is a water
  adsorbent for compressed

air for exclusive use. Especially, it has excellent wear resistance,

therefore it causes little dust in compressed air.

• High pore volume and high adsorption

With large surface area, XR101 activated alumina balls adsorb higher

amount of water and fast desorption during regeneration. Its life is longer, and it has a remarkable capacity to regenerate.

| Item                              | Unit       |       | Technical re | quirement |       |
|-----------------------------------|------------|-------|--------------|-----------|-------|
| Particle size                     | mm         | 3-5   | 4-6          | 5-8       | 8-10  |
| AL2O3                             | %          | ≥93   | ≥93          | ≥93       | ≥93   |
| SiO <sub>2</sub>                  | %          | ≤0.10 | ≤0.10        | ≤0.10     | ≤0.10 |
| Fe <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>    | %          | ≤0.04 | ≤0.04        | ≤0.04     | ≤0.04 |
| Na <sub>2</sub> O                 | %          | ≤0.40 | ≤0.40        | ≤0.40     | ≤0.40 |
| Attrition Loss                    | %          | ≤0.08 | ≤0.08        | ≤0.08     | ≤0.08 |
| Bulk density                      | g/ml       | ≥0.75 | ≥0.75        | ≥0.75     | ≥0.75 |
| Surface area                      | m²/g       | ≥320  | ≥320         | ≥320      | ≥280  |
| Pore Volume                       | ml/g       | ≥0.43 | ≥0.45        | ≥0.45     | ≥0.45 |
| Water absorption                  | %          | ≥55   | ≥55          | ≥55       | ≥55   |
| Crushing Strength<br>(N/Particle) | N/particle | ≥180  | ≥200         | ≥260      | ≥350  |



#### 1.2.1 XR-102 A Clause sulfur recovery

The Claus process is a catalytic-based chemical technology used in converting gaseous hydrogen sulfide (H2S) into elemental sulfur (S). Effective catalysts for the Claus reaction generally utilize XR102 activated alumina. This activated alumina ball is an extremely porous aluminum oxide. XR102 activated alumina for sulfur recovery are critical to optimum catalytic performance.

**Characteristics:** 

- High surface area
- Large pore volume distribution
- Low dusting and high crush strength
- Uniform sphere size and shape

| Item                           | Unit       | Technical rec | quirement |
|--------------------------------|------------|---------------|-----------|
| Particle size                  | mm         | 4-6           | 5-7       |
| AL2O3                          | %          | ≥92           | ≥92       |
| SiO <sub>2</sub>               | %          | ≤0.10         | ≤0.10     |
| Fe <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> | %          | ≤0.03         | ≤0.03     |
| Na <sub>2</sub> O              | %          | ≤0.4          | ≤0.4      |
| Bulk density                   | g/ml       | 0.7-0.8       | 0.7-0.8   |
| Surface area                   | m²/g       | ≥320          | ≥320      |
| Pore Volume                    | ml/g       | 0.40-0.45     | 0.40-0.45 |
| Crushing Strength (N/Particle) | N/particle | ≥160          | ≥200      |



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#### 1.2.2 XR-102 B TiO2 Sulfur recovery



Activated TiO2 sulfur recovery catalyst could effectively realize high sulfur conversion in low temperature, highly remove oxygen and reduce to form sulfate. In the clause unit, it could promote purification and activated alumina life.

#### **Characteristics**

•High activated hydrolytic;

·low activated temperatures;

•Stable structure of catalyst;

•Good activated stability;

•Bimodal distribution of the pore structure is

more available for gas diffusion, and Claus reaction;

•Long life time.

•4-8% TiO2 content

#### Condition

•Temperature: 200 ~ 350 °C

•Pressure: ~ 0.2MPa

•Airspeed: 200 ~ 1000h-1

| Item                  | Unit          | Value           |
|-----------------------|---------------|-----------------|
| Colors and shapes     | _             | White spherical |
| Dimensions            | mm            | Ф3-5/ Ф4-6      |
| Al2O3%                | Wt%           | ≥90             |
| TiO2%                 | Wt%           | 4-8             |
| Specific surface area | m2 / g        | ≥280            |
| Pore volume           | ml / g        | 0.45-0.50       |
| Bulk density          | kg / L        | 0.65 to 0.80    |
| Crushing force        | kg / particle | 15/18           |

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#### 1.2.3 XR-102 C Fe2O3 Sulfur recovery

Activated TiO2 sulfur recovery catalyst could effectively realize high sulfur conversion in low temperature, highly remove oxygen and reduce to form sulfate. In the clause unit, it could promote purification and activated alumina life.

#### **Characteristics**

•High activated hydrolytic;

•low activated temperatures;

•Stable structure of catalyst;

•Good activated stability;

·Bimodal distribution of the pore structure is

more available for gas diffusion, and Claus reaction;

•Long life time.

•4-8% TiO2 content

#### Condition

•Temperature: 200 ~ 350 °C

•Pressure: ~ 0.2MPa

•Airspeed: 200 ~ 1000h-1



| Item                  | Unit         | Value              |
|-----------------------|--------------|--------------------|
| Colors and shapes     | _            | Bronzing spherical |
| Dimensions            | mm           | Ф4-6               |
| AI2O3%                | Wt%          | ≥90                |
| Fe2O3%                | Wt%          | 4-6                |
| Specific surface area | m2 / g       | ≥280               |
| Pore volume           | ml / g       | 0.40-0.45          |
| Bulk density          | kg / L       | 0.70 to 0.80       |
| Crushing force        | N / particle | 200                |

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#### 1.3 XR-103 & XR408 Column /clover shaped Alumina Catalyst carrier

XR103 & XR408 alumina catalyst carrier is a good catalyst carrier in petrochemical, hydride sulfurization, low temperature shift catalyst.

alumina catalyst carrier is mainly composed of X-Rho(p) activated alumina produced by the speedy dewatering process and false water alumina gel produced by continuous carbonization method and adopts advanced molding technology. It owns stable surface area, high compressive strength, low abrasion, proper pore structure, low impurities and good active impregnation and other good properties etc.

We could produce different crystal phases, diameter and content of impurities according to user requirements. Widely used in petrochemical, hydride sulfurization, low temperature shift catalyst carrier.

#### **Characteristics**

- Stable surface area
- High compressive strength
- Iow dust and abrasion
- Good active imporegnation
- Low impurity



#### 1.4 XR-104 Chloride adsorbent

In petrochemical production process, chlorine in feed gas could cause poisoning of a variety of catalyst and adsorbent, the failure of adsorbent & catalyst performance, severely corrosivity of devices & equipment, so chlorine removal is necessary. Usually, we adopt solid antichlor to remove chloride in feed gas. XR-104 activated alumina balls for dechlorination is an high- efficient product to take off chlorine.

Various size available for the international condition.

1/8" (3.2mm), 3/16"(4.7mm)

#### **Characteristics:**

- Uniform size
- Even and Uniform activity under high and low temperature
- Good water resistance and strong strength
- Uneasy movable active components & chlorine after reaction
- Wide application area

#### Working service:

Working temperature:5-400°C

Working pressure: ordinary pressure- 0.8MPA

Space velocity: 1000-3000h-1

Bed height-diameter ratio: >3

Dechlorination ratio: ≥99.9%

| Item                                    | Unit       | Technical requirement |
|---|------------|-----------------------|
| Appearance                              |            | White bead            |
| Particle size                           | mm         | 3-5mm, 2-4mm          |
| AL2O3+promotor                          | %          | ≥93                   |
| Bulk density                            | g/cm³      | 0.75-0.8              |
| Surface area                            | m²/g       | ≥130                  |
| Pore Volume                             | ml/g       | ≥0.4                  |
| Penetration of chlorine capacity(50°C)  | %          | ≥12                   |
| Penetration of chlorine capacity(250°C) | %          | ≥22                   |
| Crushing Strength (N/Particle)          | N/particle | ≥85                   |



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Tel:86-533-3037068

#### 1.5 XR-105 Defluorination agent

XR105 Activated alumina is the only filter material specifically designed to remove fluoride and arsenic from water. A ceramic compound made of aluminum oxide with a very high surface-area-to-weight ratio, XR105 activated alumina balls have a very high capacity for fluoride adsorption. Most municipal water supplies add 2 ppm (parts per million) of fluoride. XR105 activated alumina filters can reduce fluoride concentrations to below .1 ppm, or down to 99% of the normal fluoridated water level. The defluorination capacity of XR105 activated alumina ball could reach 5mg/h. And it can be regenerated after heated in the temperature about 175° c to 315° c to removing water once it's reached saturation.

#### **Characteristics**

- High bulk density
- Uniform size
- High mechanical strength and wear resistance
- High pore volume and high adsorption

| Item                              | Unit       |         | Technical requirement |         |
|-----------------------------------|------------|---------|-----------------------|---------|
| Particle size                     | mm         | 1-2     | 2-3                   | 3-5     |
| AL2O3                             | %          | ≥93     | ≥93                   | ≥93     |
| SiO2                              | %          | ≤0.10   | ≤0.10                 | ≤0.10   |
| Fe2O3                             | %          | ≤0.04   | ≤0.04                 | ≤0.04   |
| Na2O                              | %          | ≤0.30   | ≤0.30                 | ≤0.30   |
| Bulk density                      | g/ml       | 0.7-0.8 | 0.7-0.8               | 0.7-0.8 |
| Surface area                      | m²/g       | ≥320    | ≥320                  | ≥320    |
| Pore Volume                       | ml/g       | 0.4-0.5 | 0.4-0.5               | 0.4-0.5 |
| Crushing Strength<br>(N/Particle) | N/particle | ≥50     | ≥50                   | ≥100    |

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#### 1.6 XR-107 Adsorbent for Hydrogen Peroxide(H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub>)

XR107 activated alumina is γ-Al2O3, using intermediate in the speedy dewatering process as raw materials to make white pellets. It is high strength, non-soluble in water , hydrocarbons, alcohol, grease and other organic solvents. It doesn't become powder and soft in water and alkali. It is odorless, tasteless, non-toxic, long life and high degradation of anthraquinone derivatives and regeneration ability. XR105 activated alumina is specific adsorbent of hydrogen peroxide(H2O2) in anthraquinone production. Excepting alkali adsorption, XR107 activated alumina balls highly adsorb the degradation of hydrogenation, reduce the consumption of anthraquinone and stabilize working fluid components.

Various size available for the international condition.

6\* 10 mesh, 1/8" (3.2mm), 3/16"(4.7mm)

#### **Characteristics:**

- Uniform size
- High mechanical strength and wear resistance
- High pore volume and high adsorption

| ltem                              |            | Technical requiremen | t        |
|-----------------------------------|------------|----------------------|----------|
| Particle size                     | mm         | 2-4                  | 3-5      |
| AL2O3                             | %          | ≥93                  | ≥93      |
| SiO <sub>2</sub>                  | %          | ≤0.10                | ≤0.10    |
| Fe <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>    | %          | ≤0.02                | ≤0.02    |
| Na <sub>2</sub> O                 | %          | 0.3-1.0              | 0.3-1.0  |
| loss on ignition                  | %          | ≤6.0                 | ≤6.0     |
| Bulk density                      | g/ml       | 0.7~0.8              | 0.7~0.8  |
| Surface area                      | m²/g       | 280-350              | 280-350  |
| Pore Volume                       | ml/g       | 0.45-0.5             | 0.45-0.5 |
| Water absorption                  | %          | ≥52                  | ≥52      |
| Crushing Strength<br>(N/Particle) | N/particle | ≥80                  | ≥100     |



#### **1.6 XR-109 Activated alumina for Polyethylene Purification**

XR109 activated alumina is as a filtration media in polyethylene production. In this process, the slurry co-catalyst is filtered out of the polyethylene

and trapped in the pores of the alumina bead.

•Various size available for the international condition.

•7\* 14 mesh(1.2-2.8mm), 6\*10mesh(1.5-3.2mm); 5\*8(2.5-4.0mm)

| Item                           | Unit       | Technical requirement |  |
|--------------------------------|------------|-----------------------|--|
| Appearance                     | Appearance |                       |  |
| Particle size                  | mm         | 7*14mesh              |  |
| AL2O3+promotor                 | %          | ≥93.5                 |  |
| Na2O                           | %          | 1.5-2.0               |  |
| Bulk density                   | g/cm³      | 0.7-0.8               |  |
| Surface area                   | m²/g       | 300-330               |  |
| Pore Volume                    | ml/g       | 0.45-0.5              |  |
| Macroporosity                  | >750A      | 0.13                  |  |
| Loss on ignition(300-1000°C)   | %          | 4-7                   |  |
| Abrasion Loss                  | %          | ≤0.1                  |  |
| Static absorption RH%=20%      | %          | ≥10                   |  |
| Static absorption RH%=60%      | %          | ≥20                   |  |
| Static absorption RH%=95%      | %          | ≥40                   |  |
| Crushing Strength (N/Particle) | N/particle | 50                    |  |

Characteristics:

High bulk density

Uniform size

High mechanical strength and wear resistant

High pore volume and high adsorption



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#### **1.8 XR112 Activated alumina for Deflorination in Hydrofluoric Alkylation**

XR112 activated alumina removes fluoride from hydrocarbons in HF alkylation. Low levels of hydrofluoric acid are filtered through alumina beds.

#### **Characteristics**

- High surface area
- Large pore size and control over smaller pores
- High crush strength



| Item                           | Unit       | Technical requirement |
|--------------------------------|------------|-----------------------|
| Particle size                  | mm         | 3-5                   |
| AL2O3+Promotor                 | %          | ≥93                   |
| SiO <sub>2</sub>               | %          | ≤0.10                 |
| Fe <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> | %          | ≤0.04                 |
| Na <sub>2</sub> O              | %          | ≤0.40                 |
| Attrition Loss                 | %          | ≤0.08                 |
| Bulk density                   | g/ml       | ≥0.75                 |
| Surface area                   | m²/g       | ≥320                  |
| Pore Volume                    | ml/g       | ≥0.45                 |
| Crushing Strength (N/Particle) | N/particle | ≥180                  |

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#### Xiangrun's Activated alumina

#### **XR-106 Impregnated Activated Alumina Filtration**

#### 1. XR2006 ®M KMNO4 Impregnated Activated alumina

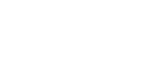
XR2006®M impregnated activated alumina with KMNO4 media is a high surface area activated alumina pellet, impregnated with potassium permanganate during its manufacturing. Xiangrun filtration media adopts mixing material technology, not immersion.

#### 2. XR2007®I impregnated activated alumina with NaMNO4 media

is a high surface area activated alumina pellet, impregnated with Sodium permanganate during its manufacturing. The result is a chemical filter with highly enhanced performance in removing Hydrogen Sulfide (H2S), Sulfur Dioxide (SO2), Nitrogen Dioxide (NO2), Mercaptans. It is the three times than immersion KMNO4 impregnated activated alumina.

| ltem                              | Unit           | Technical re | quirement |
|-----------------------------------|----------------|--------------|-----------|
| Particle size                     | mm             | 3-5          | 4-6       |
| AL <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>    | %              | ≥70          | ≥70       |
| NaMnO <sub>4</sub>                | %              | ≥6.0         | ≥6.0      |
| Bulk density                      | g/ml           | ≥0.90        | ≥0.90     |
| Surface area                      | m²∕g           | ≥200         | ≥200      |
| Pore Volume                       | ml/g           | ≥0.42        | ≥0.42     |
| Crushing Strength<br>(N/Particle) | N/part<br>icle | ≥100         | ≥150      |

| Item                                  | Unit           | Тес                               | chnical requiremer                | nt                                |
|---------------------------------------|----------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Particle size                         | mm             | 2-4                               | 3-5                               | 4-6                               |
| AL <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>        | %              | ≥80                               | ≥80                               | ≥80                               |
| KMnO <sub>4</sub>                     | %              | 6-10                              | 6-10                              | 6-12                              |
| Bulk density                          | g/ml           | 0.85-0.9                          | 0.85-0.9                          | 0.85-0.9                          |
| Surface area                          | m²∕g           | ≥250                              | ≥250                              | ≥250                              |
| Pore Volume                           | ml/g           | ≥0.42                             | ≥0.42                             | ≥0.42                             |
| Crushing Strength<br>(N/Particle)     | N/partic<br>le | ≥50                               | ≥80                               | ≥100                              |
| Pressure Drop @ 50<br>fpm (0.25 m/s): |                | 1.0 in. of<br>water/ft. of<br>bed | 1.0 in. of<br>water/ft. of<br>bed | 1.0 in. of<br>water/ft. of<br>bed |
| H2S Capacity                          | g/ml           | 0.85-1.2                          | 0.85-1.2                          | 0.85-1.2                          |



## Xiangrun's Activated alumina

#### Activated alumina powder(Rho Alumina Powder)

Activated alumina powder is also known as the p - alumina powder, which is a alumina transition phase. Its main crystal phase is p alumina base. P alumina is made by aluminum hydroxide through suspension roasting rapid dehydration and rapid cooling system. Its specific surface area is more than  $200m^2/g$ , so it has strong flexibility, water absorption performance, and certain hydration.

It Replace pure calcium aluminate cement in refractory castable binder, and also instead of micro silicon powder and ultrafine alumina powder in adhesive and binder.

#### **Characteristics:**

- High surface area
- Low LOI
- High AL2O3

| ltem                             | Unit | Technical requirement |
|----------------------------------|------|-----------------------|
| Particle size                    | um   | 10±0.5                |
| ρ-AL <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> | %    | ≥65                   |
| AL <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>   | %    | 92                    |
| SiO <sub>2</sub>                 | %    | ≤0.02                 |
| Fe <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>   | %    | ≤0.02                 |
| Na <sub>2</sub> O                | %    | 0.30-0.4              |
| Surface area                     | m²/g | 250-300               |
| Pore Volume                      | ml/g | 0.20-0.25             |
| LOI                              | %    | ≤10                   |

Rene

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## Package & Loading















Email:info@xradsorbent.com

Tel:86-533-3037068

## Thanks a lot for your visit!

We trust our best quality, best service, and competitive price could let our customers believe in us.

You could find us as below information: Zibo XiangRun Environment Engineering Co., Ltd No.16, Hi-Tech Industrial Park, Development Zone, Zibo City, Shandong Province 255000, P. R. China Tel.: 86-533-3037068 Fax: 86-533-3037069 Cell phone: +86 13583393236 Whatsapp:86 13518630890 Skype: xradsorbent Email: international@xradsorbent.com http://www.aluminaadsorbents.com



